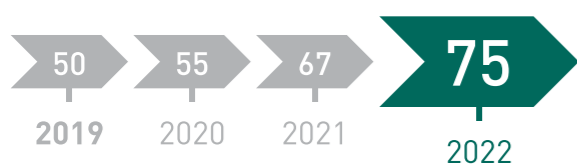


2023

HOW TO READ YOUR BENCHMARK REPORT

GRESB Infrastructure Asset Assessment

Participation & GRESB Score



This section represents the historic participation and the GRESB Score over the past 4 years. First year participants can submit the Assessment without providing GRESB Investor Members with the ability to request access to their results. This is what we call a "Grace period". If a participant opted for the Grace Period in their first year of reporting to GRESB, then that portion of the score banner will appear blank to investors for that corresponding year.

Peer Comparison



For benchmarking purposes, each participant is assigned to a peer group, based on the asset's primary sector, primary location and scope of service. To ensure participant anonymity, GRESB will only create a peer group if there is a minimum of six participants with similar characteristics (the participant and five other peers) and if less than 50% of the participants in the group are from the same organization. The assigned peer group does not influence scores, but helps the readers of the report contextualize the insights.

GRESB Rating

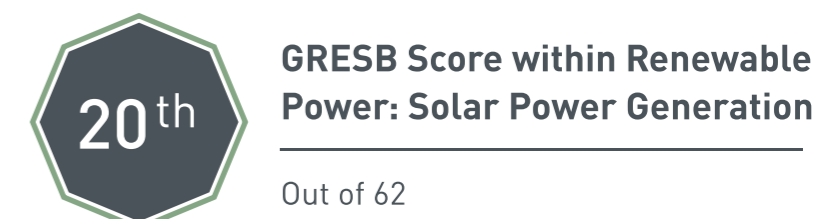
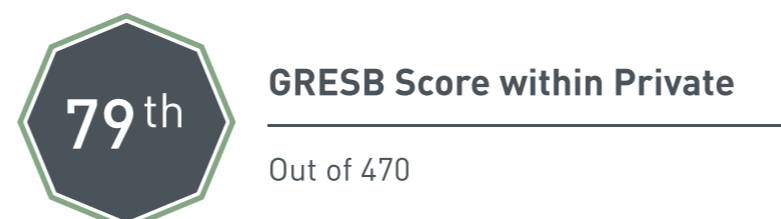


The GRESB Rating is an overall relative measure of ESG management and performance of the asset based on the GRESB Model. The calculation of the GRESB Rating is based on the GRESB Score and its quintile position relative within the GRESB Infrastructure Benchmark, with annual calibration of the model. If the participant is among the top 20% scoring entities in a benchmark, it means it is placed in the top quintile and it will have a GRESB 5-star rating; if it ranks in the bottom quintile, it will have a GRESB 1-star rating, etc.

Rankings

On top of the peer group ranking, GRESB provides additional rankings based on the participants' scores (GRESB Score, Management Score and Performance Score) and how their scores compare to other wider benchmark groups (GRESB universe, legal status, and peer group).

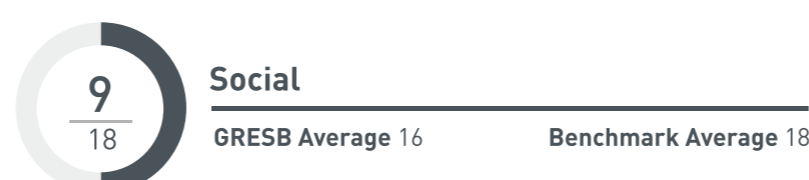
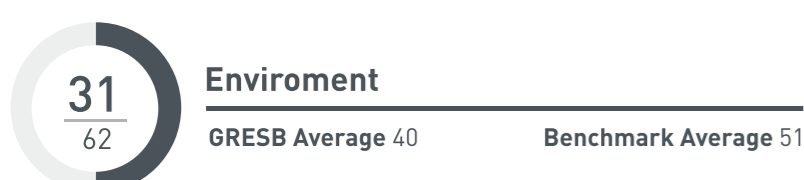
With these additional rankings, GRESB emphasizes to both participants and infrastructure investors that the measurement of absolute performance is only a single element of a broad range of metrics reported in the benchmark. The key to analyzing GRESB data lies in group comparisons that take into account different regions, property sectors and investment styles.



ESG Breakdown

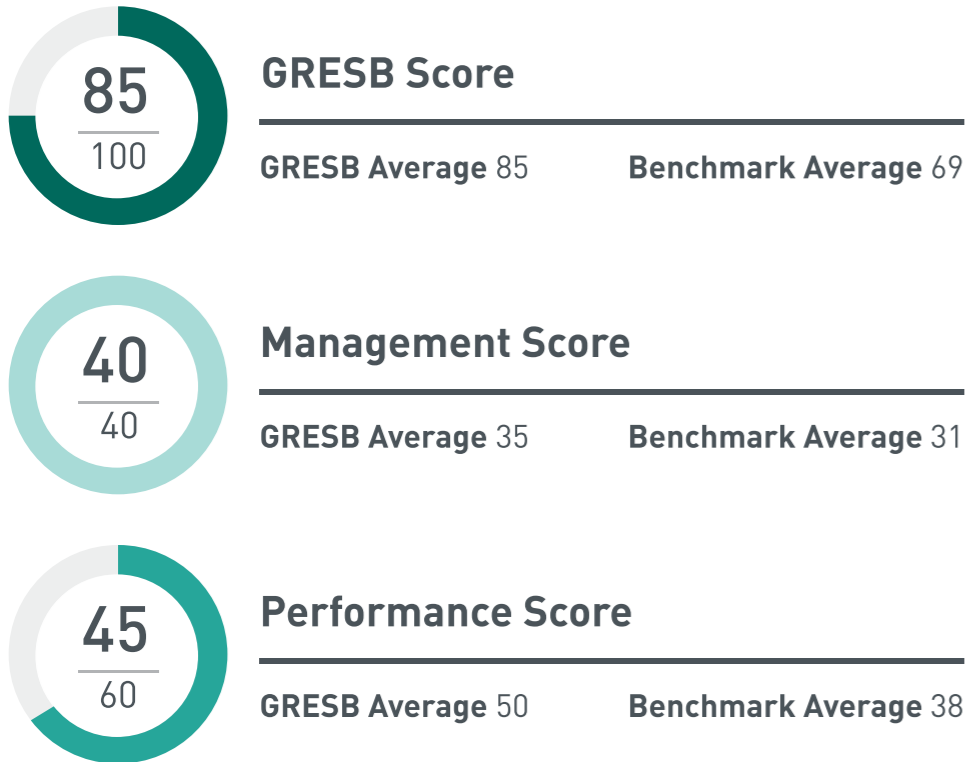
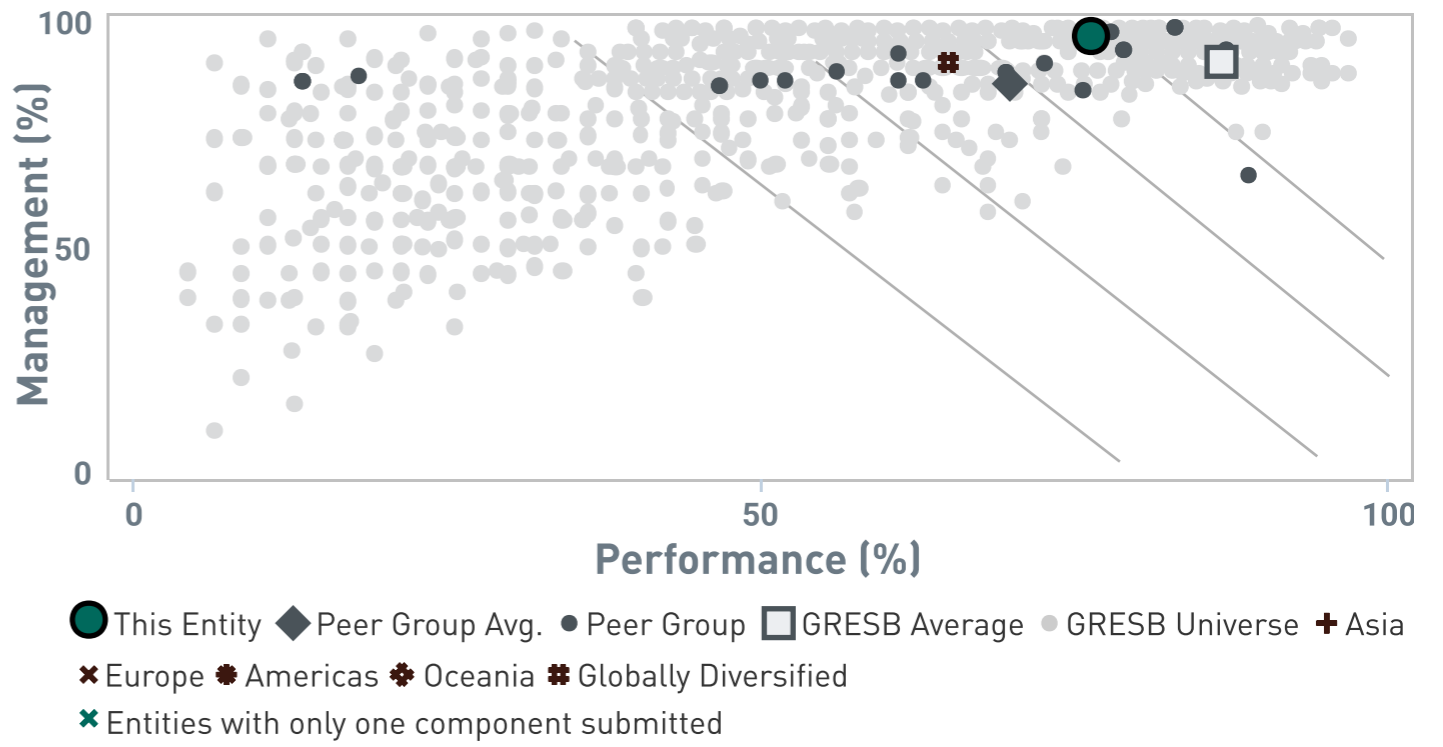
Each indicator is allocated to one of the three ESG dimensions (E- Environmental; S- Social; G- Governance). Environmental indicators are related to actions and efficiency measures undertaken in order to monitor and decrease the environmental footprint of the portfolio; Social indicators are related to the entity's relationship with and impact on its stakeholders and direct social impact of its activities; Governance indicators are related to the governance of ESG policies, procedures and approach to ESG at the entity level.

Note that ESG maximum scores (denominator) can vary depending on materiality outcomes and that the GRESB Average and Benchmark Average represent a point based redistribution based on the average percentage scores.



GRESB Model

The model displays the GRESB Scores of all entities that submitted an assessment. Participants who only complete one Component (Management or Performance) are not eligible for a GRESB Rating and can be found along either side of the model's axis. The star rating quintiles are represented by the four diagonal lines crossing the model. The identity of each participating entity is confidential, unless the participant opts to disclose their name and score, in which case they would also be able to see the names and scores of other participants that choose to do the same.



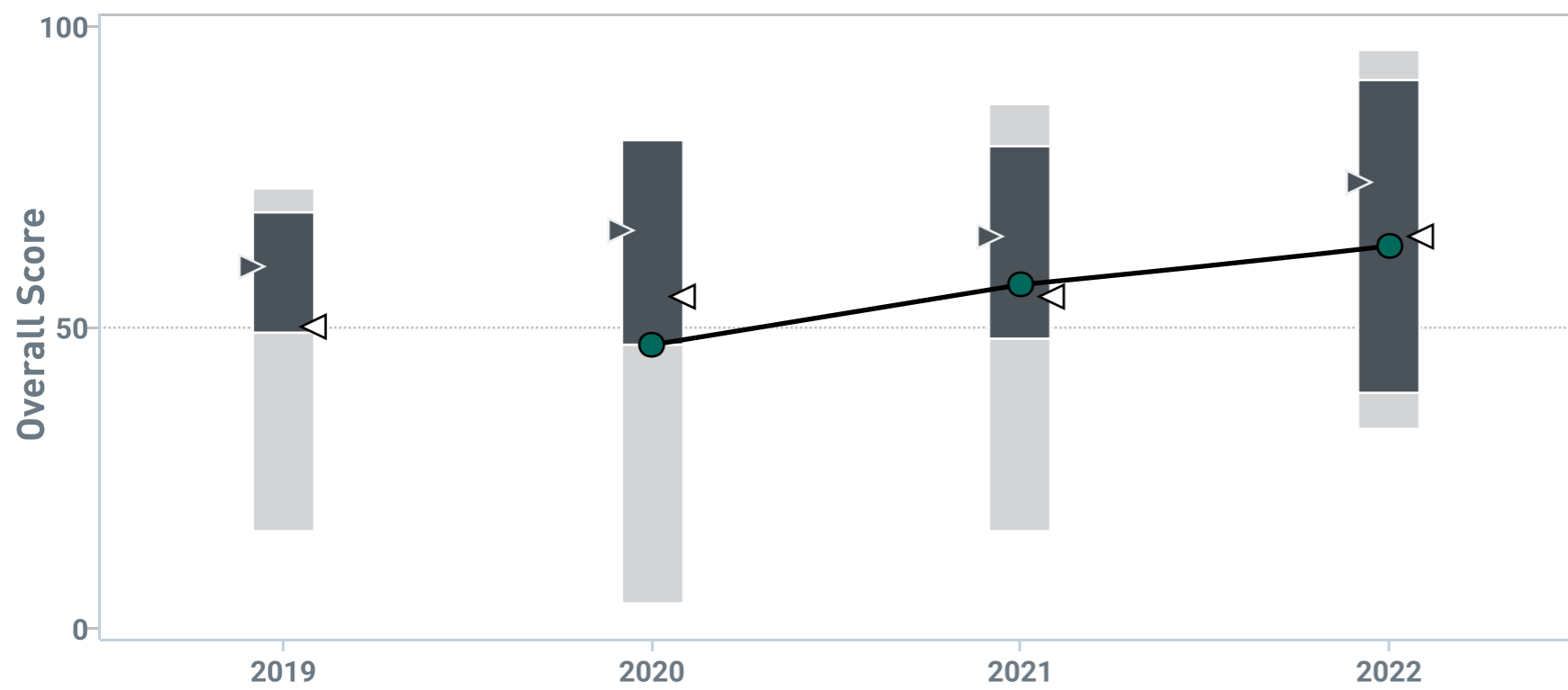
The sum of all indicator scores (right hand side) adds up to 100 points. The GRESB Score - Infrastructure Asset is an absolute measure of ESG management and performance. The Infrastructure Asset Assessment is split into separate Management (40 points) and Performance (60 points) Components. This structure allows entities to complete either or both components.

The GRESB Average is the average score of all entities in a benchmark. The Peer Average is the average score of all entities that compose one's peer group as indicated in the Entity & Peer Group Characteristics section.

The Benchmark Average consists of the average score of the entity's peer group constituents within a specific component (Management or Performance). All averages are calculated by applying equal weights across all entities in their respective sets.

Trend

The historical trend shows the entity's score development over time.



2022 Score change ↗ +5

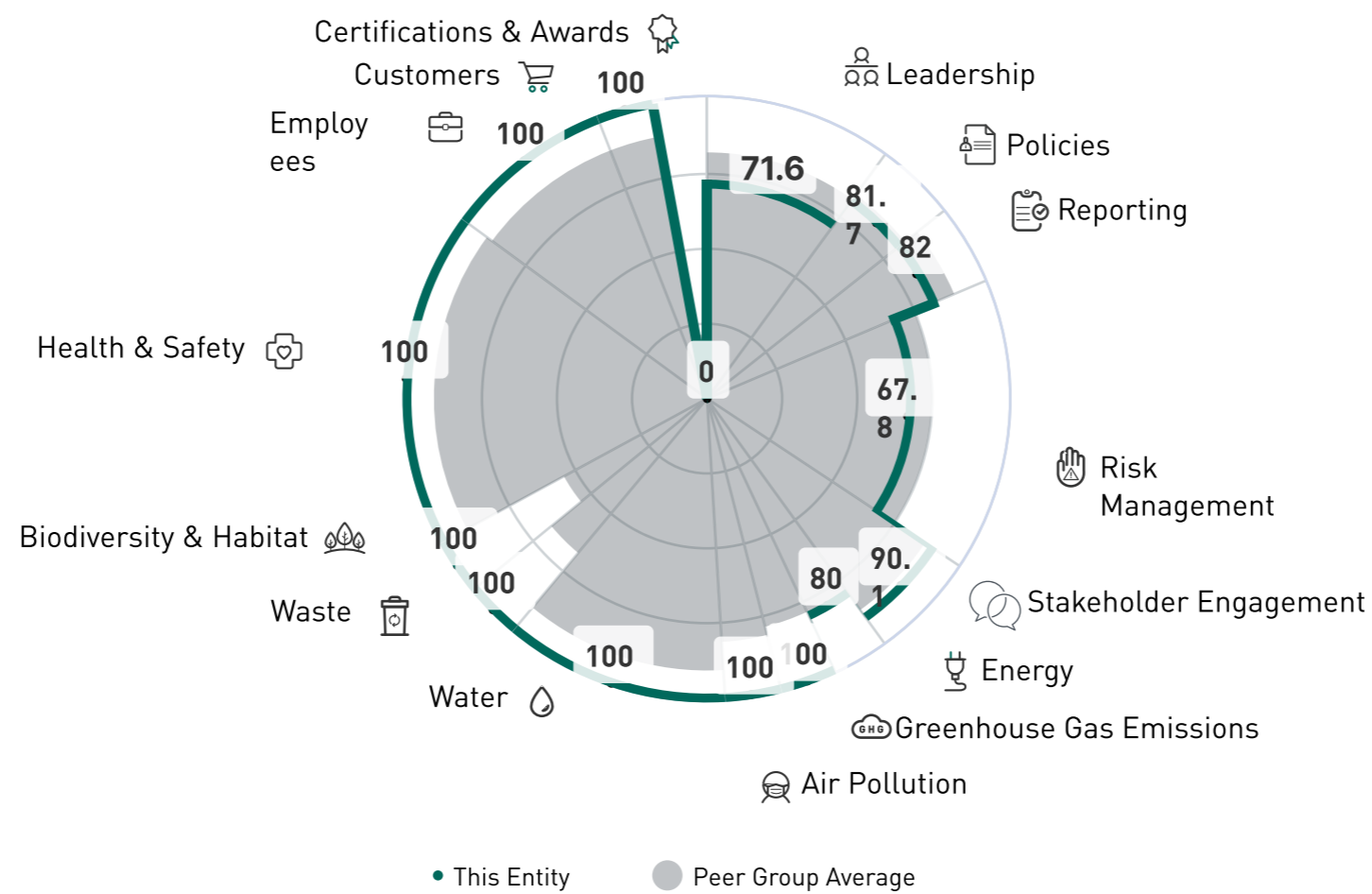
2022 Rating change

★★★★★ +3

- This Entity
- Peer Group Range
- GRESB Range
- ▶ Peer Group Average
- ◀ GRESB Average

Aspect, Strengths & Opportunities

The Aspect, Strengths and Opportunities section provides a good first overview of results and areas of improvements before delving into the more granular indicator section.



The Management Component consists of five Aspects; and the Performance Component can consist of up to twelve Aspects depending on materiality. Each Aspect represents a set of indicator questions along the same topic within a component. The entity and peer group averages scores are represented in percentage (%) points within the rose graph with point scores and aspect weightings being available in the table below.

The Benchmark Distribution graph on the right side of the table provides a graphical representation of the score distribution for that aspect. The columns represent the number of entities within the group, the green dot represents the entity score, the black diamond the Benchmark Average, the square the GRESB Average.

ASPECT	Weight in Component	Weight in GRESB Score	Points Obtained	Benchmark Average	Benchmark Distribution
Leadership 7 points	23.3%	7%	6	6.65	

Entity & Peer Group Characteristics

This section provides an overview of the entity and peer group characteristics. These are the entities that the participant is compared against.

This entity		Peer Group	
Primary Geography:	Spain	Primary Geography:	Europe
Sector:	Solar Power Generation	Sector:	Solar Power Generation
Legal Status:	Private (non-listed) entity	Legal Status:	
Total GAV:	\$4.37 Billion	Average GAV:	\$2.28 Billion

Validation

GRESB validation covers the existence, completeness, accuracy, and logic of data submitted through the GRESB Assessments. The validation process includes both automatic and manual validation.

Automatic validation is integrated into the portal as participants fill out their Assessments, and consists of errors and warnings displayed in the portal to ensure that Assessment submissions are complete and accurate.

Manual validation takes place after submission, and consists of document and text review to check that the answers provided in Assessment are supported by sufficient evidence. The validation rules and process are set and overseen by GRESB but the validation is performed by our third party validation provider, SRI. The Validation section provides an overview of the Manual validation decisions outcomes of an entity's assessment.

GRESB Validation

Automatic	Automatic validation is integrated into the portal as participants fill out their Assessments, and consists of errors and warnings displayed in the portal to ensure that Assessment submissions are complete and accurate.
Manual	Manual validation takes place after submission, and consists of document and text review to check that the answers provided in Assessment are supported by sufficient evidence. The manual validation process reviews the content of all Assessment submissions for accuracy and consistency.

Evidence Manual Validation

LE3	LE6	P01	P02	P03	RM1	RP1 Annual Report Sustainability Report Integrated Report Corporate Website Reporting to Investors Other Disclosure
RM1	RM2.1	RM2.2	RM2.3			

■ = Accepted

■ = Partially Accepted

■ = Not Accepted/Duplicate

■ = No response

Manual Validation Decisions - Excluding Accepted Answers

Evidence

Indicator	Decision	Reason(s):
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Other Answers

Indicator	Decision	Other answer provided:
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P02	Duplicate	
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Materiality

The Materiality table provides an overview of the material relevance "High", "Medium", "Low", and "Not relevant" of the ESG issues covered in the Asset assessment as well as the relevance outcome for the entity's peer group constituents.

GRESB uses Materiality-based scoring in the Asset Assessment in order to ensure that assets are assessed and scored based on the ESG issues that are most material to their circumstances. Each of the materiality factors is associated with one or more ESG issues, so that as the factor questions are answered, the materiality of the ESG issues is determined. Thus issues of "No" or "Low" relevance are deemed non-material and receive no score in the Assessment - effectively they are removed from consideration. Issues of "Medium" relevance receive Medium score weighting and issues of High relevance receive a high score weighting.

Environmental

■ High relevance

■ Medium relevance

■ Low relevance

■ No relevance



Issue	Entity specific materiality	Peer materiality
Air pollution	Medium relevance	<div style="display: flex; width: 100%; height: 15px; background-color: gray; border: 1px solid gray;"> <div style="width: 30%; background-color: lightblue;"></div> <div style="width: 20%; background-color: teal;"></div> <div style="width: 50%; background-color: gray;"></div> </div>
Biodiversity and habitat	Medium relevance	<div style="display: flex; width: 100%; height: 15px; background-color: gray; border: 1px solid gray;"> <div style="width: 60%; background-color: lightblue;"></div> <div style="width: 40%; background-color: darkgreen;"></div> </div>

Indicator

The indicator section represents the GRESB Assessment responses and follows the same structure and content. The header contains the score obtained by the entity and the maximum amount of points obtainable for this indicator. In the example below, the entity gained the maximum amount of obtainable points. The percentage figure next to the main and sub- elements in that indicator refers to the percentage of the component's benchmark that reported that element. In the example below, 75% of the peer group selected "Yes". The indicator section provides the most granular information for identifying areas of improvements.

LE2 Points: 1/1

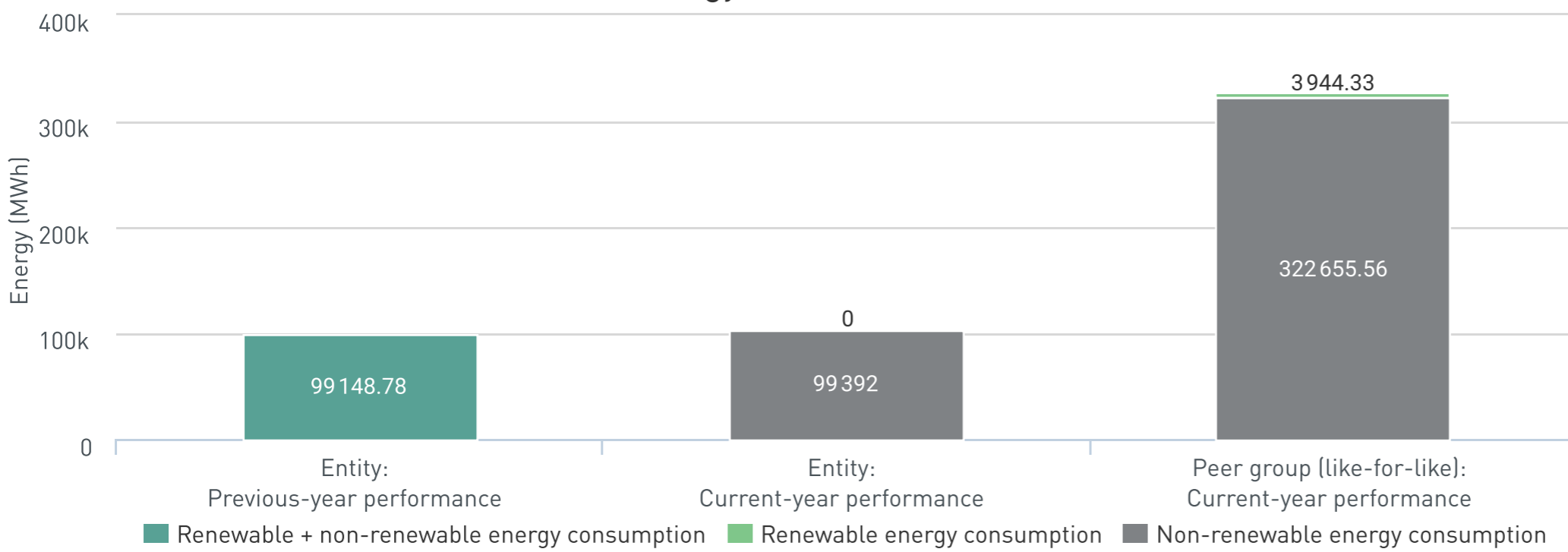
ESG Objectives

Yes 75% 
 No 0% 

Asset Impact

The Asset Impact section in the Benchmark Report contains the absolute footprint and performance targets of the asset and its peer group for Energy, GHG, Water, Waste, Biodiversity, Air Pollution, Health & Safety and Diversity depending on the materiality outcomes of each. Impact reduction targets guide organizations and their employees to aim for measurable improvements, as well as the integration of those targets into the business.

Total energy consumed: Trends



Total energy consumed: Peer Group



Peer Group Performance Targets

